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SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, FRIDAY, AUGUST 9, 1907

10 PAGES. Price, Five Cents.

If some people picked race horses, like they select advertising mediums, the police department would protect them.-Rusty Mike's Dairy.

Go Out in Sympathy With Los Angeles Brethren.

WIRE WITH NON-UNION MEN.

Chicago, Aug. 8 .- The telegraph operators employed by the Western Union in Chicago went on strike tonight at 12

Tonight the local executive board of the Commercial Telegraphers union met and passed resolutions requesting the men to refuse to work with the non-union operators employed in Los Angeles.

Were Really Discharged.

All Struck at Midnight.

The grievance committee of the union called on Price and notified him that unless every man was reinstated by midunless every man was reinstated by mid-night every union man in the office would be called out. This was refused and promptly at midnight, by a prearrange-ment a whistle was blown and every op-erator employed in the main office with the exception of six wire and loop chiefs, including Night Manager Price and his two assistants, left their keys and with a round of cheers filed out of the office. The men employed by the company at The men employed by the company at the various morning newspapers had been notified of the contemplated strike, and

Day Force Will Go Out.

The local officials of the union tonight stated that the day force employed by the company, most of whom belong to the union, would refuse to go to work in the morning. This will also include all branch offices throughout the city.

Sullen for Weeks.

The national officials of the union spent all day today in an effort to prevent the "rank and file" of the organization from taking matters in their own hands and calling a strike. The men for weeks have maintained a sullen attitude toward the company. The Chicago force was dissat-Francisco was called off. Ever since then they have been visiting the office of Na-tional Secretary Russell seeking information. Today his office was crowded all day long with operators tooking for news regarding the progress of the peace negotiations in the west, but were given

I am waiting to hear from President Until I hear further I can say g," he said,

Such replies, together with the fact that the men believe, according to their own statements that President Small submitted to defeat at San Francisco was what prompted the executive board of the local union to take action tonight.

It was under these conditions that the

strike was called without the sanction of he national officials.

After the men had quit work Secretary Russell refused to talk about the controversy except to say that the men had taken matters in their own hands and un-doubtedly felt that they were capable of

handling their own affairs. Conditions Intolerable.

Secretary Ulrich of the local union. The men were utterly tired of the conditions under which they were working and could not stand it any longer. When the additional insuit of asking them to work with non-union men in Los Angeles was put upon them, they refused to stand it and quit work. We could get no information of the situation on the Pacific coast from our national officials, decided that it was up to us to take care

When General Superintendent Cook of the Western Union was informed of the strike he declared that he was unable to say anything that would be of any interest and that he could not outline the action the company would take until to-

morrow morning Fearing that trouble might arise following the walkout of the men, an official of the company a few minutes before midnight telephoned to the central station and requested that several policemen be sent to the main office of the company to preserve order.

One lieutenant and five policemen were ordered to report at the telegraph office. Aftr the 200 men and four women quit work they gathered in front of the build-ing where the telegraph office is located and for half an hour filled the air with cheers and whistles, but the police were

ern Union Telegraph company went out tonight the company's trunk lines directly

ly a surprise to the members of the tele-graphers' union here. They had received an intimation that the trouble at Los Angeles was likely to involve men work-ing in the offices of the company in other days had not appeared to be favorable a friendly settlement of the dispute the coast. No official statement was on the coast. No official statement was made tonight by representatives of the union. Whether the New York office would be drawn into a strike, as was the Chicago office, no one would hazard a

Continued on Page 8.

BY EYEWITNESSES

Western Union Night Operators Unspeakable Outrages Committed by Wild Arabs During Outbreak at Casablanca.

DAY MEN TO FOLLOW SUIT FRENCH FORCE TOO SMALL

MEN REFUSED TO WORK ON JEWS SPECIAL OBJECT OF AT-TACK.

******** Chicago went on strike tonight at 12 o'clock. The trouble was precipitated by the Los Angeles strike, which was begun two days ago.

Tonight the local executive heard of the

London, Aug. 9 .- A long dispatch has been received here from an eye witness of the recent events at Casablanca. It is When the men were notified of this step all operators employed in the overland division of the local office refused to work any longer with the non-union men the other than the contract of the local office refused to work any longer with the non-union men that the contract of the local office refused to work any longer with the non-union men that the contract of the local office refused to t work any longer with the non-inion men on the other end of the wire. When this amnouncement was made Night Chief Harry Price ordered all who refused to work to leave the office. He then went into other divisions and requested the men to go into the Overland division. In every case he was met with a refusal, until over seventy men had been sent home. tary governor, having employed soldiers to secure its safety "There were a number of Arabs twelve miles distant," the writer goes on, "but a majority of them had returned to their interrupted harvesting and it was supposed that the French would attempt nothing with the small force are slightly from the Collide. We small force available from the Galilec. We retired to rest with quiet minds.

Early Morning Summons.

'At 4 o'clock Monday morning, however, we were suddenly alarmed by a summons to repair to the British consulate owing to notice from the Galllee that it was in-tended to land a force and occupy the town at 5 o'clock. It was understood that the Galilee had been in wireless communication with the other warships and had received instructions to get a party inside the town in order to facilitate sub-sequent operations. An American resi-dent of many years, Captain Cobb, de-clined to take shelter at the British con-sulate, consequently the consul sent part of his guard of soldiers to protect Cap-tain Cobb,"

Landing of the French.

The correspondent then described the landing of the French force between 5 and 6, and the subsequent event as nar-rated in former dispatches. Continuing

"Singly, and carrying disjointed rifles, concealed in vallees to avoid suspicion, a party of the Galilee's men had been conveyed Saturday to the French consulate, where they took up their position on the terrace of the roof that commanded the foreshore and a corner of the town and also took in the water gate batteries from the rear.

"A furious musketry fire broke out along the water front, and a dull booming of the old Moorish battery showed that after all Muley Amin and his soldiers were doing something. They made, how-ever, a poor resistance, and their fire

Bombarded the Warship. 'In the meantime the roar of the Gali-

ee's guns increased, and shells were seen

bursting all over the Moorish quarter.
Wounded men were seen drawing in themselves along the streets. In the twenty minutes all seemed over, the fireceased. This was only a full, for the firing soon was resumed and was contil aed intermittently until 6:30 in the evening. "Then Muley Amin, with a number of other white robed officials, came to the British consulate offering to surrender. The consul referred them to the French consul. They objected that it was impossible to approach the French consulate because the Spanish consulate was already firing at every Moor who passed in the street and they feared a similar reception from the French consulate. Consul Madden thereupon gave to Muley Amia a formal letter of introduction to the French consul and advised the Moors to carry a white flag. They then went m. Their mission apparently was successful, for the firing soon ceased and at-9 o'clock public criers were about pro-claiming that the town was to be shelled We ate our next meal with

No Resistance Expected.

"It should be explained that the Eurobean residents of Casablanca had all along deprecated any action by the French with an insufficient force, and this view the French had been with diffiinduced to adopt, and, even over night, in announcing their intention of occupying the town, the French had apparently believed their fleet would arrive immediately and that no resistance could be expected. In fact, Muley Amin had previously declared his willingness to surrender the town on being informed that resistance would be futile. Whether the resistance actually offered was an outcome of a blunder on the part of some individuals or whether it was tempted by is impossible to ascertain, but

CAUSED NO SURPRISE.

Looting Began at Once.

"With the firing of the first shot the authority of Muley Amin and his organization vanished. His soldiers boilted with their riffles, leaving the town exposed to rapine and pillage, in which they themselves participated. By breakfast time we began to see men staggering along the rators in the Chicago office of the Western Union, Telegraph company went to inight the company went to inight. Should be a negroe, culminated in a race in the company went to inight the company went to inigh mounted on fine horses, began to ride about directing the looting operations. connecting Chicago and this city were ordered closed for the night. They will be reopened tomorrow and such New York-Chicago business handled as the company is able to.

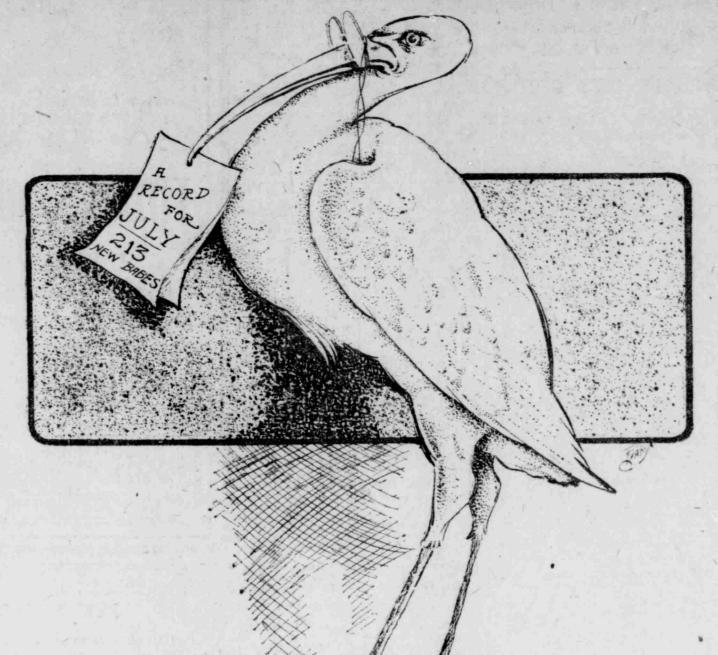
Even women were seen carrying loads and assisting in the pillage. At first rolls of cloth and other merchandise be which, after money first coveted by the Arabs, were taken from the shops, and of then quantities of miscellaneous house-hold articles were carried away. After a time the watchers could hear the sound of hammering on metal, and we knew the looters were trying to force the safe of

Then from afar we heard the shricking and wailing of the Jews, and we knew they were being beaten and murdered by

Continued on Page 2.

Ready for Final Onslaught

St. Louis, Aug. 8.—The first testimony in the government's St. Louis suit to dissolve the Standard Oil company and kindred companies, on the ground that they constitute a trust, will be taken in the postoffice building in New York on Sept. 3. Former Judge Franklin Ferriss of St. Louis, who was appointed special examiner to hear testimony, has issued an order for the first testimony, as above, and copies were mailed today to all the attorneys on both sides. Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul and C. B. Morrison of Chicago, special counsel for the government, requested Judge Ferriss to issue the order. Judge Ferriss has not been informed what witnesses will be called at the hearing. The taking of testimony wil mark the actual beginning of the government's fight to overthrow the Standard Oil company, and the seventy or more subsidiary corporations allied with it. The suit was filed in St. Louis early in the year and all preliminary matters have been cleared away.



"Busy All the Time in Utah."

Shot-One of Them Dead

and the Other Will Die.

Reprimanded by Landlord.

handled after cold weather sets in."

***** BRAKEMAN'S IRON NERVE.

Women Consume a Greater Amount of Alcohol.

Dr. Abbott said:
"Both sugar and aicohol are carbohy-

Negroes Driven from Hillsboro After

who has a contract for paving work and employed negroes, insisted that his embe protected, but to no effect. Today Fry went to St. Louis, declaring he would procure other negro laborers. It is feared if he brings back a number of negroes that fighting and bloodshed will result.

CLERKS APPOINTED.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Blanche S. Kerr of Boise was today appointed clerk in the Idaho surveyor general's office and W. H. Holman of Moscow appointed to a similar position in Montana.

The secretary of the treasury today sent a check for \$12,500 to pay Julius A. Moore, Agnes Griffen and H. C. Shaver for lots on which the Moscow public building will be built, corner Washington and Third streets.

**Howard Elliott, president of the W. Northern Pacific. said:

**"If there should happen to be another long, cold winter in the west as related to the long. The west is about providing an adequate fuel will be supply. Our company has added to the largely to its equipment in the past the twelve months, but the country is twelve months, but the country is a prowing so that more and more fuel is needed and I doubt if it can be a handled after cold weather sets in,"

ONE BANDIT LAID LOW.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 8.—One of three robbers who attempted the robbery of the Farmers and Merchants' bank at Strongville early today was found later wounded and unconscious in a gully near Strongsville. He had been shot by citizens immediately following the attempted robbery. His companions escaped and are being pursued by a posse.

TROUBLE SETTLED.

Pittsburg, Aug. 8.—At a conference this afternoon of officers of District No. 5. United Mine Workers of America, and officers of the Pittsburg Coal company, all grievances that threatened to bring on a strike of 14,000 men were amicably settled and danger of a strike averted.

New York, Aug. 8.—Pinned beneath a locomotive, Charles H. Hudley, a brake man, suffered the amputation of a leg before he could be extricated from under the engine which had run over him today. The operation was performed without the use of anaesthetics and frequently Hudley gave suggestions to the surgeons during the operation.

TAFT TO TALK.

Columbus. O. Aug. 8.—Secretary Taft today accepted an invitation to address the Buckeye club on national issues the evening of 9ug. 19.

On the Other Hand American Proprietors of Pittsburg Hotel Alleged Murderers of Emma Levin Known as Sir Vere and Lady Gould at Monte Carlo.

and the Other Will Die.

Philadelphia, Pa. Aug. 8—Dr. A. C. Abbott, chief of the bureau of health, announced yesterday that he believed that the appetite for candy and alcohol are fundamentally the same, that by, the development of a candy taste the body was fortified against a desire for run and intricterance of his theory he had been feeding his three children each day, on a regular allowance of sweets.

Dr. Chalmes of costs of Jefferson college amported Dr. Abbott's theory and simply had a candy craving, while brunettee long for alcohol. This was because the latter were more vital.

It also has been discovered that within recensive more alcohol. This was because the latter were more vital.

It also has been discovered that within recensive more alcohol. The reverse is true.

Same Organic Craving.

Bank Organic Cr

Identified in London.

Reprimanded by Landlord.

Reprimanded by Landlord.

Reprimanded by Landlord.

It was stated by Mrs. Starzynski, wife information of the same organic raving. Many men are developing a taste for sweets. Candy is taking the place of a dangerous appetite. Statistics show that within three years gas or the consumption of chocolate in America has increased phenomenally and the confection ray shops are more numerous and of greater pretensions than was dreamed of four or five years ago. On the other hans in proportion, the sale of alcohol shows a slight decrease.

Before the Same blace for five years, same blace for five years, same blace for five years, it was not necessary for it to do so, are the names given, according to the same. This time the judge gave me five same, and the woman, it was tated by Mrs. Starzynski, wife in the same organic molecules. It was stated by Mrs. Starzynski, wife dispatches received here by the couple are the names given, according to the same. This time the judge gave me five same, and the part for the same pointed that that the same pointed that the time was just precisely the same. This time the judge gave me five same, and the same pointed that the same pointed that that that it was the case and vinge family and the truth was therefore his the truth was the received here by the couple same the part of the same. This time the judge gave me five same, and the confection with the same pointed that the truth was the case of the same. This time the judge gave me five same, and the confection with the truth was the case of the same pointed that the truth was the case of the truth was the case and vinge family same of the truth was the case and vinge family same of the truth was the case and vinge family same of the truth was the case and vinge family same of the truth was the case and vinge family same the part of the same. This time the judge gave me five was a same pointed the same. This time the same that that that the truth was the case and the very was a dingular to the truth was the c

rectory, and inquiry among clergymen of the Polish churches failed to reveal any-CONVICT MAYOR GETS

Schmitz was the only defendant to appear this morning before Judge Lawior when an order was made postponing until next Wednesday a decision on the motions to set aside the indictments to set aside the indictments as you call them. They were all the friends that I knew, they taught me all that I did know. I San Francisco, Aug. 8.-Former Mayor country. ras Interstate Commerce Commission

Sends Out Warning to People

Living in the West.

(Special to The Herald.)

Washington, D. C., Aug. 8.—The interstate commerce commission today made public certain correspondence with western rallroads and state officials as a warning to the people of the west that unless they lay in supplies of coal this summer they may again experience a fuel famine next winter as bad or worse than suffered law.

the west that unless summer they supplies of coal this summer they may again experience a fuel famine next winter as bad or worse than suffered last winter. In a letter to the chairman of the commission, Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific, said:

"If there should happen to be another long, cold winter in the west as last one, there will be trouble again that one, there will be trouble again the shout providing an adequate fuel about providing an adequate fuel supply. Our company has added to the Mont Lake Coal company.

The Workers of America, district No. 19, At Mont Lake, this county, are under a temporary injunction, granted late yesterday, restraining them from attempting, by persuasion, threats, intimidation or otherwise, from interfering with the business of the Mont Lake Coal company.

MOTION FOR APPEAL.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—Attorneys for the Standard Oil company of Indiana, which was recently fined \$29,240,000 in the United States district court, today presented to Judge Landis a motion seeking an appeal in the case. The hearing of the motion was set for 11 o'clock tomorrow. The government intends to see to

it that all of its departments in the

western states are fully supplied with

fuel before autumn. Orders to this

effect have been issued by the secre
tary of war, secretary of the interior

and secretary of the treasury

FEAR OF INSULTS.

Rome. Aug. 8.—The pope today countermanded all the receptions planned in honor of the anniversary of his coronation, fearing that the cardinals might be insulted in the streets while on their way to and from the vatican.

Joseph H. Mack Tells Ogden Asks for Writ of Prohibition in Court About Long Career of Misdoing.

AS A CHILD.

(Special to The Herald.) Ogden, Aug. 8 .- "Fifty Years a Crimi-

barglary in the second degree. The passing of the sentence was continued until today. Before leaving the court room the defendant asked permission to address the court, which was given him. In his address Mack, who is 60 years of age, told a most interesting story of his life as a criminal. He did not try to conceal anything of his past and requested the court in passing sentence upon him to be as lenient as possible.

Mack said that he arrived the court is provided a most interesting story of his life as a criminal. He did not try to conceal anything of his past and requested the court in passing sentence upon him to be as lenient as possible.

Mack said that he arrived in Ogden in February last fully determined to lead an honest life. He secured a place in a machine shop and, though the work was not steady, he managed to make a living at it. Then he was attacked by rheumatism and, after trying various remedies, began a course of treatment that seemed to benefit him. The full course would cost \$100, and he didn't have the money. At the time when his need was most desperate he met a friend with whom he had in other days engaged in crime.

The friend was anxious to secure a set of burglar's tools and asked Mack to make them, agreeing to pay Mack \$100 for them. Mack withstood the temptation for a time, but at last, tortured by the rheumatism and seeing no other way to better his condition, consented. He made the tools and gave them at night to his friend. The meeting was near a building the friend had decided to break into. After some persuasion Mack agreed to act as lookout. The attempt at burglary was a failure from every standard to be active the standard of point, but especially from the standpoint of Mack. When the police appeared the friend got away without paying Mack the \$190 agreed upon, and Mack was arrested. The rest of his story as told in court follows. Said the defendant:

rest of my life."

"What have you been in fail for, what charges?" asked the court.

"Burglary. I have robbed corporations. My environment has been such that I couldn't possibly escape being a criminal. I never knew any better. What little education I have had in my life I picked up myself"

"How old were you when you were first sent to the penitentiary?"

attributed to Sheets yesterday with some modifications:

"Keep still about this affair. If you say anything to reporters about the case it will be difficult for us to catch the swindlers and to recover the money."

What McWhirter testified Wednesday was that Sheets had said:

"You will require to keep still about this, for if it comes out it will go hard with me."

After cross-examining Parrent and Don-

same place for five years.
"The second time was just precisely the

been made. I called to his mind the words he said to me, that he was afraid to send swore to at the preliminary hearing of

they taught me all that I did know. I learned the lessons that they taught there, the only lessons I ever knew in my life. I have come out here and I have the come out here are the come out here put those lessons into practice to the best of my ability. I said: 'Your honor. can you find it in your heart to sentence

"Well, he told me then he would consider the matter and looked over the records and found that I told him the truth."

mer testimony, some of which he said was the result of his forgetfulness and some due to deliberate falsehood. He some due to deliberate falsehood. the told me that instead of sentencing me to the long term he had intended to he would reduce the time to five years. Now

Continued on Page 2.

Order to Choke off Judge Bishop.

TUTORED IN PRISON CELLS CASE MAY BE TIED UP

FIRST SENT TO PENITENTIARY SAME ISSUE PENDING IN DIS-TRICT COURT, SAYS DEFENSE.

The defense in the Sheets case made an unexpected move last night that may nal" would be the proper title to give tie up indefinitely the preliminary hearto the life history of Joseph Henry Mack ing in the bribery case now pending

grounds on which the writ is asked are that the same acts, the same facts, the same dates and the same parties involved are cited in the information in the conspiracy case now pending that are given in the complaint in the action before Judge Bishop. The contention is that the two courts cannot have jurisdiction in two courts cannot have jurisdiction in the same matter at the same time.

Will Probably Issue Writ.

An order granting a temporary writ of prohibition, it is expected, will be issued, as it is usual in such cases to give a temporary writ covering such time as must elapse until the case can be argued fully. Judge Bishop will open his court at 10 o'clock this morning, but before that time, if the temporary restraining order is granted no procedure can be taken in is granted, no procedure can be taken in the case. It will probably be several weeks before 'he matter can be brought up and a decision reached by the dis-trict court. Whatever decision is reached

trict court. Whatever decision is reached to act as lookout. The attempt at burglary was a failure from every standpoint, but especially from the standpoint of Mack. When the police appeared the friend got away without paying Mack the \$100 agreed upon, and Mack was arrested. The rest of his story as told in court follows. Said the defendant:

His Career of Crime.

"I have been in jail before. I unfortunately have I have struggled and made up my mind never to be in it again. I would like to have kept out of it all the rest of my life."

"Whet here we have been in fail for most of my life."

"Whet here we have been in fail for most of my life."

it was not necessary for it to do so.

In the states case only the evidence necessary to bind Sheets over to the district court was introduced. That this was

A LITTLE FRESH AIR

he said to me, that he was arraid to send me to the reform school, for fear I would contaminate those boys, but he would send me to the penitentiary, where were all the rogues and cut-throats of the Raleigh the manner in which the victims required to send me to the reform school, for fear I would showed that the rogues and cut-throats of the Raleigh the detective told him to

"Dr. James Donaldson was called for further cross-examination by the defense when court opened yesterday afternoon. A transcript of Donaldson's testimony in can you find it in your heart to sentence me to that same penitentiary again after educating me as I have been educated?" If I had been sent to the reform school, I might have been taught something else."

"Well, he told me then he would conmer testimony, some of which he said mer testimony, some of which he said the said that the said

Continued on Page 2.

Did Not Earn Its Dividend

New York, Aug. 8.—The New York Central & Hudson River Railroad company has not earned its dividends for the six months ended June 30, as shown by the company's statement issued today. The sum earned and available for the dividend, after all charges, for the half year, was \$2,947,361, while the sum required for the semi-annual disbursement to stockholders at 3 per cent, is \$5.358,960, or \$2,411,592 more than was earned. The gross earnings increased \$4.651,670, but the operating expenses increased \$6,624,600 and there was an increase of \$438,512 in first charges and taxes. The deficit for the last six months is \$2,411,592, compared with a surplus of \$653,023 for the same period last year. The dividend, however, has been increased to 6 per cent per annum since last year, making an added requirement of \$1,623,915 for the six months.

The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railway also earned less after all charges than is required for its dividend. The road's gross earnings increased \$1,977,252, but this was almost swallowed up by increased operating ex-

increased \$1,077,252, but this was almost swallowed up by increased operating expenses. In addition, the dividend requirement this year is \$229,405 greater than last year. The deficit after payment of the dividend is \$649,790, an increase of \$511,983 as compared with last year.

The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern carned \$51,608 more than is required for payment of the dividend. This is a decrease of \$385,713 as compared with the first six months of last year, but the dividend increased \$1,629,015.